a silicon dioxide layer with a thickness equal to or less than approximately 10 5 angstroms; and

a silicon nitride layer arranged upon and in contact with the silicon dioxide layer.

- 10 2. The semiconductor topography of claim 1, wherein said thickness of the silicon dioxide layer is between approximately 6 angstroms and approximately 10 angstroms.
 - 3. The semiconductor topography of claim 1, wherein said silicon nitride layer comprises a thickness greater than approximately 15 angstroms.
- is Hadyn 4. The semiconductor topography of claim 1, wherein said silicon dioxide layer is arranged upon and in contact with a silicon-based semiconductor substrate.
- 5. The semiconductor topography of claim 1, wherein said silicon dioxide layer is 20 arranged upon and in contact with a polysilicon layer.
 - 6. A semiconductor device comprising an oxide-nitride gate dielectric having substantially similar gate to substrate capacitance as an oxide gate dielectric comprising a thickness less than approximately 20 angstroms.
 - 7. The semiconductor device of claim 6, wherein said oxide-nitride gate dielectric has a substantially similar gate to substrate capacitance as an oxide gate dielectric having a thickness between approximately 10 angstroms and approximately 15 angstroms.

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- 8. The semiconductor device of claim 6, wherein said oxide-nitride gate dielectric comprises an oxide thickness between approximately 6 angstroms and approximately 10 angstroms and a nitride thickness between approximately 15 angstroms and approximately 20 angstroms.
- 9. The semiconductor device of claim 6, wherein said oxide-nitride gate dielectric comprises a thickness that varies by less than approximately 5% across the semiconductor topography.
- 10 10. The semiconductor device of claim 6, wherein said oxide-nitride gate dielectric comprises a greater density than said oxide gate dielectric.
 - 11. The semiconductor device of claim 6, wherein said oxide-nitride gate dielectric comprises fewer defects than said oxide gate dielectric.
 - 12. A method for processing a semiconductor topography, comprising:

growing an oxide film upon the semiconductor topography in the presence of an ozonated substance; and

depositing a silicon nitride film upon and in contact with the oxide film.

- 13. The method of claim 12, wherein said ozonated substance comprises ozonated deionized water.
- 14. The method of claim 12, wherein said ozonated substance comprises ozonated deuterium oxide.
- 15. The method of claim 12, wherein said ozonated substance comprises an ozone concentration between approximately 20 ppm and approximately 50 ppm.

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- 16. The method of claim 13, further comprising annealing the semiconductor $\sqrt{2}$ topography subsequent to said depositing the silicon nitride film.
- 5 17. The method of claim 16, wherein said annealing comprises exposing the semiconductor topography to ammonia or nitrous oxide.
 - 18. The method of claim 16, wherein said annealing comprises exposing the semiconductor topography to deuterium ammonia.

19. A method for forming an oxide-nitride stack, comprising:

growing an oxide film in a first chamber at a first temperature;

chamber, wherein said transferring comprises exposing the semiconductor topography to a substantially similar temperature as said first temperature; and

forming a nitride layer upon the oxide film in said second chamber at a second temperature.

20. The method of claim 19, wherein said first temperature is between approximately 10 °C and approximately 30 °C.

21. The method of claim 19, wherein said second temperature is between approximately 750 °C and approximately 800 °C.

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22. The method of claim 19, wherein said growing comprises rinsing the semiconductor topography with an ozonated substance.



- 23. The method of claim 19, further comprising annealing said semiconductor topography at a third temperature subsequent to said forming the nitride layer.
 - 24. The method of claim 23, wherein said third temperature is between approximately 750 °C and approximately 850 °C.



10 25. The method of claim 19, further comprising forming a second oxide film upon and in contact with the nitride film at a fourth temperature, wherein said fourth temperature is greater than the first temperature.

